

ISO STANDARD IMPLEMENTATION AND TECHNOLOGY CONSOLIDATION

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Initiative and Project Orientation



Project Purpose

ISO Standard Implementation and Technology Consolidation

- Develop a mature, effective, high-performance Information Technology division
- ITS will be guided by industry best practices and the requirements of the ISO 27002 information security standard
- Ensure all IT environments are ISO 27002 compliant and prepared for compliance audit.





ISO 27002

ISO/IEC 27002:2013

- Part of a family of standards for information security management designed to help organizations in protecting the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of university information and technology assets
- Used extensively at higher education institutions
- All Chancellors in UNC system agreed (2012) to use the ISO 27002 as the framework for information security policies





Vantage Technology Consulting Group role

Cathy Bates, Senior Consultant

- Provide higher education specific expertise and experience
 - » 30 years experience in higher education
 - » Former CISO and CIO
- Collaborative leadership with state and national organizations
 - » UNC Information Technology Security Council
 - » Higher Education Information Security Council (EDUCAUSE)
 - » GRC Board, Conference Committees







Vantage Technology Consulting Group role

Jon Young, Senior Consultant

- Provide higher education specific expertise and experience
 - » 22 years experience leading IT departments through change
 - » Consulting services with many higher education clients
- Technical depth and leadership in national organizations
 - » SANS Global Information Assurance Certification in Security Leadership
 - » SANS GIAC Advisory Board Member
 - » INFRAGARD







Vantage Technology Consulting Group role

Technology Consulting for Colleges and Universities

Purpose | Driven | Technology | Thinking

- Independent Technology Consulting firm
- Higher education, healthcare, public, corporate and commercial sectors
- Formed in 2001
- Offices in Los Angeles, Boston, San Francisco and New York







PROJECT PHASES



Project Phases

PHASE		SCOPE
ISO	Standard	Information security governance, policies, standards, and baseline procedures within ISO framework
	tion Security agement	Implement standards and procedures within ISO framework: • Infrastructure and network security • enterprise-wide contingency plans • security education program
AGG.	mpliance	 IT risk assessment network monitoring and vulnerability scanning program



Post Implementation Program







Overall Timeline and Effort

2018 and ongoing to meet growing audit and compliance concerns

- Major Impact: Technology teams across the University
- Periodic Impact: Administrators and Campus Users
 - » Governance
 - » Education and awareness
 - » Business Processes





PHASE 1: ISO STANDARD



Information Security Governance

Advisory Council

- Develop information security plan, including policies and standards, initiatives and services
- Evaluate and advise on risks
- Identify awareness and training needs





Information Security Governance

Security Incident Response Team

- Central response and management of incidents
- Security advisory distribution and information sharing
- Technical consulting, operations, remediation



Policies, Standards, Baseline Procedures

Policies

- Why do I need to do this?
- Review 3-5 years

Standards

- What is required?
- Review 2-4 years

Procedures

- How do I do it?
- Review 1-3 Years





ISO Standard – Example Policies

- Asset Responsibility
 - » Responsibility, inventory, ownership, acceptable use and return
- Information Classification
 - » Classification, labeling, and handling
- Media Handling
 - » Management, transfer and disposal
- User Access
 - » Registration and de-registration, access provisioning, management of privileged access, review of access privileges





ISO Standard – Example Operating Standards

- Application Administration
- Mobile Device Management
- Server Management
- Software Development Methodology





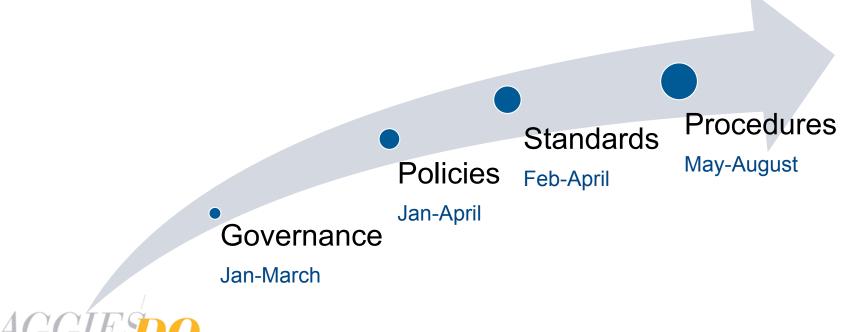
ISO Standard – Example Procedures

- Application Administration Standard
 - » Account Provisioning
 - » Account Termination
 - » Authentication
 - » Access Approval
 - » Access Privilege Assignment
 - » Access Privilege Review
 - » Access Privilege Change





ISO Standard Timeline





PHASE 2: INFORMATION SECURITY MANAGEMENT



Vulnerability Scanning

- Inventory: Which systems, where are they, who owns them?
 - » Registration and inventory management for critical devices
- Scanning: Scanning tool with templates to look for standard system and application vulnerabilities and security patches
 - » Scanning Program for ISO, PCI, other compliance needs
- Remediation: Understanding and fixing vulnerabilities
 - » Management of reports, remediation, clean scan, cycle of scans





Initial Projects, Remediation Projects, Strategic Projects

Initial	Known infrastructure issues such as upgrades, enterprise practices, security practices
Remediation	Issues documented during vulnerability scanning and information security assessments for all environments
Strategic	Projects to manage security objectives, shrink security footprint, address security architecture with IT infrastructure





Security Education Program







Contingency Planning

SCOPE	WHO				
Campus-wide emergency response	Business & Finance / ITS				
Disaster recovery plans	All IT environments				
Business continuity plans	All departments				





IT Security Management Program Development

A program is an organizational effort defined to meet an overarching goal.

A program includes all the collective:

- » Vision, Goals, Strategy, Governance
- » Planning, Projects and
- » Daily Operations

necessary to meet the program mission.







IT Security
Management
Program Strategy

Makes sense of the competing compliance pressures

Coordinates initiatives to highlight direction and vision

Aligns overall costs and benefits against other institutional goals





Timeline

Project	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
Vulnerability Scanning									
Initial and Remediation Projects									
Strategic Projects									
Security Education									
Contingency Planning									
Program Management									ncat.e



PHASE 3: COMPLIANCE



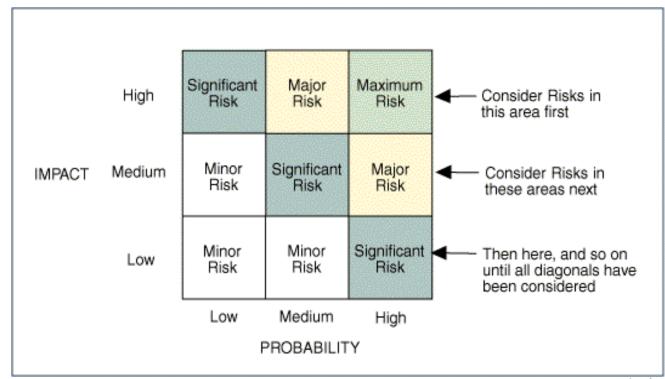
Information Security Assessment

- Complete an Information Security risk assessment
 - » HEISC maturity assessment tool (based on ISO standard)
 - » For every department managing IT services
 - » All assessments require work plans could require lots of coordination
 - » Performed annually
 - » Results are prioritized by risk and become part of the IT Risk Assessment





Information Security Risk Assessment







IT Risk Assessment

- IT risk is the potential for an unplanned, negative outcome.
- IT risk is a business risk consisting of IT-related events that could affect an institution's ability to achieve its mission and key objectives.
- IT risk management refers to the process of identifying, assessing, prioritizing, and addressing the major IT risks associated with an institution's key objectives.



https://er.educause.edu/articles/2015/2/understanding-it-grc-in-higher-education-it-risk



IT Risk Assessment

- IT Risk Assessment is a portion of university's Enterprise Risk Management program
 - » Follow university risk management processes
- High level divisional review of mission and key objectives, identifying
 IT risks that could affect ability to achieve those objectives
 - » Collaboration between IT, ERM program and business function owners
 - » Utilize EDUCAUSE IT Risk Register with risk categories such as compliance, financial, IT lifecycle, operational, reputational and strategic risks





IT Risk Assessment

- Higher levels risks require action:
 - » Reduce to acceptable level (mitigation)
 - » Transfer the risk
 - » Assume (accept) the risk
- Annual IT Risk Assessment (including Information Security Risk Assessment) due to UNC-GA annually



Information Security and IT Risk Assessment Timelines

Standards
Policies
Feb-April

Jan-April

Information Security Assessments April-TBD IT Risk Assessment





TECHNOLOGY CONSOLIDATION



Why Consolidate?

- Protect the University, improve security and reduce risk
- Ensure consistent compliance
- Limit redundant IT management, risk assessment and support efforts
- Leverage resources to meet demands for support and coordinate technology deployment
- Provide efficient, professional technology management





Next Steps

- Complete technology assets inventory
- Meet with units to review assets and discuss needs and opportunities
- Identify and implement consolidation projects
 - » Complete prior to risk assessments and next audit





Questions?